Northwest Michigan Housing Summit

Regional Housing Developers Survey and Interviews

October 16, 2017

Perception of Housing Needs

- Great need, particularly near proximity of core communities;
- Persistent shortage of all kinds, but especially multi-family and rental;
- Meeting needs is increasingly high cost/high risk;
- Overall very pessimistic needs can be met via market forces;
 - Must have an intentional public vision, consistently applied by local gov't;
 - There are easier, lower cost/risk ways to achieve ROI, including "build by right" high-end housing, and greenfield development.

Most Desirable Locations for Development (Not "Easiest")

- Near core communities, i.e., city and village centers;
- Near or accessible to natural resources and amenities;
- Specifically:
 - Traverse City
 - Leelanau County
 - Blair Township

Awareness of Regional Housing Initiatives

- Generally not aware;
- Sense of disconnectedness between those behind initiatives and those with jurisdiction over implementation;
- Housing initiative creators do not translate into housing development advocates.

Perception of Public (Citizen) Support/Opposition to New Housing Developments

- Public wants benefits of housing without the "costs" (density, character, view sheds, farmland, open spaces, low taxes, etc.)
- "Public is grossly underinformed" about what it takes to pursue a housing development, particularly one that includes significant public benefit;
- Perception that all developers are wealthy, and that any public incentives are subsidizing developers' bottom lines;
 - Leads to a "laundry list" of trade-offs and public demands for project approval;
- Public has been empowered by politically motivated or underinformed elected and appointed officials who succumb to a NIMBY phenomenon – tyranny by a minority at the expense of community priorities.

Greatest Barriers to Development in 5-Counties

• Private

- Rising cost of doing business:
 - Fewer contractors/workers;
 - More expensive materials & utilities;
 - Construction delays, i.e., inspections;
 - Holding costs of property.
- Less available financing:
 - Banks are less willing or unable to accept as much financing risk;
 - More need for investors, further limiting flexibility of developer.

• Public

- Role of relevant decision makers is unclear:
 - Boards & commissions have become courts of public opinion versus keepers of the process;
 - Lack of consistency in application of rules applying to development
 - Impedes flexibility of developers, even within ordinances, to pursue highdensity, non-subsidized developments
- Inaccurate perception that developers pay for costs; consumer does.

Necessary Conditions for "Development Readiness" To Be Successful/Profitable

- <u>Specific & consistent zoning & approval process</u>: "Just tell us the rules!"
- Better informed public relative to traditional incentives, i.e., TIF, BRA;
- Efficient and consistent building inspection process;
- Better adherence to master plans and established permitting process;
- Review of "conditional rezoning" that has led to case-by-case perception of process;
- Last mile infrastructure (gas, electric, water, sewer, broad-band, etc.)

Other Thoughts

- "Not for the faint-hearted;"
- "Either find ways to incentivize lower housing costs or raise wages;"