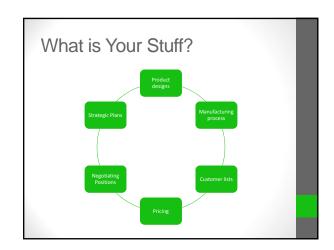
Protect Your Technology, Your Information, Your Business



Michigan consulting firm with a mission to help Michigan companies protect their people, technology and competitive edge while growing their business in risk-prone foreign markets

 Former Senior Executive level intelligence and security professionals with experience operating overseas and in consulting for clients across a broad range of industries

 MEDC vendor supporting Michigan exporters with Intellectual Property protection and security assessments in high-risk foreign markets

 DVANCE

Resources & Coreutry









Response

- Understand the Threat
- · Assess Your Vulnerabilities
- Prioritize Your Risks
- Implement Defenses

Why Does It Matter? **JOBS** IP Theft costs US economy \$300 billion per year* = 2 Million Jobs** *according to The IP Commission Report, May 2013 *estimate by the US International Trade Commission, 2011

Understand the Threat

Which Technologies Are at Greatest Risk?

- AerospaceAgricultureAlternative EnergyAutomation
- Automotive
- Biotechnology
- Chemicals
- Computers
- Environmental Technology
- Information Technology
- Manufacturing
- Materials
- Medical/Pharmaceuticals
- Satellites
- Telecommunications

Does This Really Happen?

- Traverse City
- Cadillac
- Grand Rapids
- Kalamazoo
- Marshall
- Marquette

Understand the Threat Which Countries Present the Greatest Risk? China Russia • India South Korea Taiwan France Brazil Israel

Understand the Threat China



- Responsible for 80% of IP/Trade Secret theft against the US (FBI)
- Responsible for more cyber attacks against US targets than any other actor (US National Counterintelligence Executive; Mandiant)
- 96% of cyber attacks for economic espionage conducted by China (Verizon)
- Its technological development strategy is built on acquiring and adapting foreign technology – legally or illegally

Understand the Threat

How Do They Do It?

- Human Collection
 - o Elicitation at conferences, meetings
 - oRecruitment of employees (insiders)
 - oExploitation of business relationships



Understand the Threat

Who Do You Need to Worry About?

- Foreign intelligence services
- Foreign government funded institutes, universities
- Competitors (state-owned enterprises)
- International partners
- Freelancers, hackers
- Compromised insiders

Understand the Threat

Where Do They Do It?

Where you are most vulnerable...

- In their country
- In other countries
- In the US



Understand the Threat

How Do They Do It?

- Technical Collection
 - ${\circ} \textbf{Cellphone}, \textbf{laptops}$
 - oCyber attacks
 - o"Bugs" in hotels, meeting rooms, cars







Case Study: AMSC

Massachusetts-based company producing wind turbine control software

- Started in 1987 by 4 MIT professors
- Hired CEO with extensive Asia experience in 2006
- Partnered with Chinese company Sinovel
- China accounted for 2/3rds of revenue of \$315 million

Case Study: AMSC

Technology lost in spite of strong security measures

- CEO personally interviewed 400+ candidates for 30 positions in China
- Factory assembled; firmware all shipped from US
- Software design server not connected to internet

Case Study: AMSC

Lessons Learned

- Foreign companies are not bound by the same rules, ethics as U.S. companies – no level playing field
- The danger from China's unfair competitive practices extends beyond China
- Focus on the *human factor*

Case Study: AMSC

Technology Loss

- March 2011: AMSC techs in China discovered pirated software in wind turbine
- March 2011: Sinovel rejects \$70 million shipment
- March 2011: AMSC Software engineer at research facility in Austria traveled to Beijing
- Investigation showed he:
 - Accessed software code from a laptop in China
 - Lived in apartment provided by Sinovel
 - Had 6-year, \$1.7 million contract, signed by Sinovel CEO, to provide AMSC code and assist Sinovel

Break...

Case Study: AMSC

Impact

- Lost China market (\$700 million unfulfilled contracts)
- Stock price dropped 84%
- Laid off 2/3^{rds} of workforce

What Can You Do?

- Assess your vulnerabilities
- Prioritize your risk
- Implement defenses

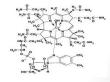
 Human vulnerabilities
 Cyber vulnerabilities

Assess Your Vulnerabilities

Where Does Your Technology Rank?

- Know what they're looking for
- Is your technology unique?
- What are its applications?
- Supply chain vulnerabilities?





Assess Your Vulnerabilities

Places You May Not See as Risky

China "owns" the IT infrastructure in:

- Europe: Belgium, Romania, Turkey
- Africa: Nigeria, Tanzania, Angola
- · Asia: Singapore, Thailand
- Middle East: Qatar, Saudi Arabia, UAE
- Latin America: Mexico, Guyana

Assess Your Vulnerabilities

Where Does Your Technology Rank?

China's 7 Strategic Emerging Technologies:

- Information Technology
- New Energy Technology
- Alternative Energy Auto Technology
- Advanced Manufacturing Technology
- · Advanced Materials Technology
- Environmental Technology
- Biotechnology

\$230 billion devoted to collecting these technologies over 5 years

Assess Your Vulnerabilities

Do You Have Foreign Business Relationships That Can Be Exploited?

- JV's, Acquisitions
- Suppliers, Vendors, Distributors
- Outsourcing oHR/payroll oSecurity oLegal



Assess Your Vulnerabilities

What Is Your Footprint Outside the US?

- In countries that target your technology
 Permanent presence
 - oTravel



 In other countries where it is easy for them to get at you



Prioritize Your Risks

What Would Shut You Down?

- Theft of product designs?
- Loss of one large customer, market share in one country/region?
- Loss of key employees?
- Loss of reputation in industry?
- ➤ Focus defenses on areas of greatest risk

Implement Defenses

Human

- Background Investigations
- Due Diligence
- Security policies, protocols
- External drives
- oCameras
- oTravel
- Training
- Company Culture



Implement Defenses

Cyber

- Network security tools
- Security training
- · Appropriate connectivity precautions
- · Managing credentials
- · Vetting of administrators
- Auditing, monitoring

Travel Security Precautions

- Don't travel with information you don't need
- Take a travel laptop, cellphone clean hard drive; do not connect those devices to network when returning home
- Carry any sensitive information on a thumb drive and keep that with you at all times

Summary

- Understand the threat
- Know where you're most vulnerable
- Prioritize your risks
- Defend your technology, your information, your people

Travel Security Precautions

- Use VPN for email; avoid public, unsecured wifile betsenets.
- Don't leave laptop, phone in hotel room unattended
- Don't insert thumb drive given to you, found by you
- Don't access bank, credit card websites during travel
- Change email password when you return home
- Make sure firewall and virus protection are up to date and adjust security settings
- Minimize internet surfing; beware of phishing scams

Don't Be a Target of Opportunity



